DAWOOD Dawood Capital Management Ltd.

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CORPORATE INFORMATION

Board of Directors	Ms. Shafqat Sultana Miss Tara Uzra Dawood Ms. Charmaine Hidayatullah Mr. Mohammad Izqar khan Mr. Ansar Hussain Mr. Tahir Mehmood Syed Farhan Abbas	Chairperson Chief Executive Officer Director Director Director Director Director
Chief Financial Officer &		
Company Secretary	Mr. Waris Jamil	
Audit Committee	Mr. Ansar Hussain	Chairman
	Mr. Tahir Mehmood	Member
	Syed Farhan Abbas	Member
Auditors	BDO Ebrahim & Co. Chartered Accountants	
Human resource	Mr. Muhammad Izqar Khan	Chairman
Commitee	Ms. Shafqat Sultana	Member
	Ms.Tara Uzra Dawood	Member
	Mr. Tahir Mehmood	Member
Tax advisor	J.A.S.B. & Associates, Chartered Acc	countants
	Office no. 4, Uni Tower, I.I Chandrig	ar Road, Karachi
Legal Advisor	Rauf & Ghaffar Law Associates (Adv Suite # 65, 5th Floor, Fareed Chambe Abdullah Haroon Road, Saddar – Karachi.	
Registrars	F.D. Registrar Services (SMC-Pv Office# 1705, 17th Floor Saima T I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi. 74	Frade Tower. A,
Banker:	Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited Bank Al-Habib Limited	d





Mission Statement

To Be The Prominent Funds Manager That Adds Value For Stakeholders Through Innovative And Responsible Management





NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the 22nd AGM of Dawood Capital Management Limited will be held at its Registered Office, 5B Lakson Square Building No.1, Sarwar Shaheed Road, Karachi on November 30, 2016 at 09:00 a.m. to transact the following business:

Ordinary Businesses

- 1. To confirm the minutes of Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on July 29, 2015.
- 2. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2013 together with Directors' and Auditors' Reports thereon.
- 3. To confirm the post facto appointment of External Auditors and to fix their remuneration for the financial year ending June 30, 2014.
- 4. Any other Business with the permission of the Chair.

By Order of the Board

November 9, 2016 Karachi Waris Jamil CFO & Company Secretary

Notes:

- 1. The share transfer books of the Company shall remain closed from November 24, 2016 to November 30, 2016 (both days inclusive). Shareholders are requested to notify to our Share Registrar FD Registrar Services (SMC-Pvt.) Ltd at 1705, 17th Floor, Saima Trade Tower-A I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi, if any change of address immediately.
- 2. A member entitled to attend and vote at this meeting may appoint a proxy to attend and vote on his/her behalf. Proxy forms, in order to be effective, must be received at the Registered Office, duly stamped and signed not less than 48 hours before the meeting.
- 3. The CDC account/sub-account holders are requested to bring with them their computerized National ID Cards (CNIC) along with Participant(s) ID number and their account numbers at the time of attending this meeting in order to facilitate identification of the respective shareholder(s). In respect of corporate entity, the Board of Directors Resolution/Power of Attorney with specimen signatures be produced at the time of meeting.



FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

	2013	2012	2011 Rupees in N	2010 Aillion	2009	2008
Authorized Capital	200.00	200.00	200.00	200.00	200.00	200.00
Paid-Up Capital	149.74	149.74	149.74	149.74	149.74	136.13
Shareholders' Equity	177.91	150.46	149.05	149.41	153.32	392.69
Total Assets	182.13	154.30	161.66	161.73	197.18	512.90
Short-Term Investment in Securities	4.34	4.97	4.81	5.72	32.04	267.78
Short-Term Investment in Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	15.00
Income From Investments	0.09	3.19	0.04	11.89	6.26	16.49
Management Fee	15.53	19.72	19.72	24.60	28.47	67.70
Other Income	0.90	3.90	2.22	4.90	2.72	0.45
Impairment Loss on Investment	(1.38)	(3.71)	(8.02)	(4.27)	(52.06)	-
Profit/(Loss) Before Taxation	27.34	1.08	(0.15)	(0.08)	(102.19)	23.86
Taxation	0.08	0.27	0.22	0.07	0.34	3.53
Profit/(Loss) After Taxation	27.26	0.81	(0.37)	(0.16)	(102.53)	20.33
Book Value Per Share	11.88	10.05	9.96	9.98	10.24	28.87
Earnings Per Share	1.82	0.05	(0.02)	(0.01)	(6.85)	1.49

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REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY

The Board of Directors of Dawood Capital Management Ltd. ("DCM" or the "Company") is pleased to present the annual report and the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2013. This Report presents the financial, operating and corporate social responsibility, performance of the Company and highlights the key business challenges faced by us during the year. Despite several challenges, DCM continued its journey of success and has emerged with a more progressive and dynamic outlook.

Company Performance

	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2012
	R	upees
Profit Earned on Investments	88,840	3,189,470
Management Fees	15,525,814	19,723,039
Other Operating Income	900,845	3,898,691
Gross Revenue	16,515,499	26,811,200
Administration and Operating Expenses	27,840,315	23,358,969
Financial Charges	5,689	2,263
Workers' Welfare Fund	558,052	21,534
Total Expenses	28,404,056	23,382,766
Share of Associates' Profit	40,611,355	1,362,610
Impairment Loss on Investments	(1,378,258)	(3,714,368)
Profit Before Taxation	27,344,540	1,076,676
Profit After Taxation	27,261,963	808,564

The Company's Net Profit during the period stood at Rs. 27.26 million as opposed to Rs. 0.81 million in the same period last year. The total expenditures were increased to Rs. 28.40 million in comparison to Rs. 23.38 million representing 19.18% increase in Administrative and operating expenses. Share of Associates' Profit was Rs. 40.61 million as compared to Rs. 1.36 million in the same period last year.

Economic Review

During FY 2013, Pakistan's economy faced myriad challenges on the external and internal front including large scale power shortages, internal security hazards, continuing depreciation of Pak Rupee against the US Dollar and massive losses incurred by the public sector enterprises resulting in unsustainably large fiscal deficits that were financed mainly through domestic debt. Due to the above factors the GDP growth during the year was restricted to 3.6%, compared to the target of 4.3%. This growth is a 18% drop compared to the previous fiscal year where the growth was recorded at 4.4%

Agriculture Sector accounts for 21.4% of the GDP and engages 45% of the country's labor force. In FY 2012-13 the agriculture sector grew by 3.3% as against 3.5% in the preceding year. The year-on-year decline is attributed to adverse unfavorable conditions that resulted in lower production of our cash crops (cotton and rice). The industrial sector grew by 3.5% compared to 2.7% in the previous year, showing some improvement during FY12. In particular, the mining and construction sectors reflected a healthy growth of 7.6% and 5.2%, respectively, in comparison to growth rate of 4.6% and 3.2% during last year. Manufacturing sector which comprises of 13.2% of the GDP has shown some recovery by achieving a growth rate of 3.5% against 2.1% last year mainly on account of a tremendous growth of 8.2% for small scale manufacturing. The growth in services sector remained to 3.7%





in FY13 in comparison with 5.3% in FY12. Growth in the services sector remained subdued due to decline in growth rates of transport, storage and communication.

On a positive note, inflation fell significantly and the annualized inflation rate measured in terms of Consumer Price Index (CPI) for 2012-13 averaged at 7.4% as against 11% recorded in the same period of 2011-12. One of SBP's primary challenges was to manage inflation rates and the average inflation of 7.4% in FY13 was around 200 bps lower than the target of 9.5%. This was one of the main factors in SBP adopting a monetary easing stance through the year.

The State Bank of Pakistan reduced its discount rate by 150 bps with the commencement of the fiscal year and further cut rates by 50 bps in three different policy announcements to bring the rate to 9.00% p.a. towards the end of the fiscal year. SBP's two main challenges over the year has been managing the external account position and containing inflation. Inflation has been the primary driver behind monetary easing during the year. CPI inflation touched a record low level of 5.1% in May 2013 and the FY13 average inflation of 7.4% was around 200 bps lower than the targeted 9.5% set for the fiscal year.

Six month KIBOR reduced to average 9.92% as compared to last year's average of 12.38% a decrease of 246 bps mainly due to reduction in discount rate.

Fiscal year ending June, 2013 has been one of the best years for Pakistan stock market history. In the outgoing fiscal year the benchmark KSE-100 index gained 52% i.e. 7,204 pts. Overall, average daily volumes improved to 200mn shares during FY13 as compared to 129 mn in FY12, while in value terms they reached Rs 5.8 bn (US\$ 58.1 mn) up 38% against Rs 4.0 bn (US\$ 44 mn) in the same period last year.

The KSE started off FY13 on a strong note by a deep 150 bps reduction in the SBP benchmark discount rate from 12% to 10.5% in Aug 2012. The monetary easing followed on the heels of declining inflation, which has averaged 7.5% in FY13, as compared to 11% in the corresponding period last year. As a result further discount rate reductions were also witnessed during the year, with a cumulative cut of 300 bps to 9%. During the last quarter KSE-100 witnessed phenomenal performance and recorded a gain of 16.4%. Overall, the KSE-100 rounded off FY13 with 52% gain YoY, making it one of the best performing stock markets in the region.

Compliance with the Best Practices of the Code of Corporate Governance

The company complies with the "Code of Corporate Governance" (Code) contained in the listing regulations of the Pakistan Stock Exchange for the purpose of establishing a framework of good governance, whereby a listed Fund is managed in compliance with the best practices of Code. The directors of the Company hereby confirm the following as required by clause (xvi) of the Code:

- The financial statements, prepared by the of the listed company, present its state of affairs fairly, the result of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity;
- Proper books of account of the listed company have been maintained;
- Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment;
- International Financial Reporting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of financial statements and any departures there from has been adequately disclosed and explained;
- The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored with ongoing efforts to improve it further.
- There are no significant doubts upon the listed company's ability to continue as a going concern.





- There has been no material departure from the best practices of Corporate Governance, as detailed in the listing regulations except as disclosed in the statement of compliance annexed with these financial statements.
- There has been no trading during the year in the units of the Fund carried out by the Directors, Chief Executive Officer, Company Secretary and their spouses and their minor children except as disclosed in the relevant notes to the financial statement.
- There are no statutory payment on account of taxes, duties, levies and charges outstanding.

Changes in Directors

Casual vacancies occurred on the board on December 6, 2012 could not be filled during the year due to the reason that prior approval of SECP as per NBFC Regulations to ensure the fit and proper criteria for directors of NBFCs was not received by June 30, 2013.

Board of Directors Meetings

During the year, four meetings were held. The attendance of each Director is as follows:

Name of Director		No of Meetings attended
Ms. Shafqat Sultana	Chairperson	3*
Ms. Tara Uzra Dawood	Chief Executive Officer	4
Mr. Gul Nawaz	Director	3*
Mr. Syed Shabahat Hussain	Director	4
Mr. Masood A. S. Wahedna	Director	1*
Mr. Nazimuddin Feroz	Director	3*

*Leave of absence was granted.

Audit Committee Meeting

During the year, 2 meetings were held. The attendance of each member is as follows:

Name of Director		No of Meetings attended
Mr. Gul Nawaz	Chairman	2
Mr. Syed Shabahat Hussain	Member	2
Mr. Masood A.S. Wahedna	Member	*

*Leave of absence was granted.

Auditors

The present Auditor, M/s BDO Ebrahim & Co., Chartered Accountants are due for retirement and being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment. As required under the Code of Corporate Governance, the Audit Committee of Board of Directors has recommended the appointment of BDO Ebrahim & Co., Chartered Accountants as auditors for the year ending June 30, 2014.



Auditors' Report

The Auditors have given their opinion on the financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2013, wherein they have given emphasis on certain matters.

- Our response to the note 1.2 is that the Management Company has applied for renewal of license which is in process with SECP.
- Our response to note 1.3 to the financial statements is that the management is taking necessary steps to ensure compliance with the regulation 4 of part I of Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 to restore the minimum equity shortly.
- Our response to note 1.4 to the financial statements is that SECP vide its letter SCD/AMCW/FDMF/337/2016 dated March 10, 2016 has approved the conversion of the Close-end fund into an Open-end scheme effective from April 7, 2013 under the regulation 65 of Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) 2008 by virtue of a scheme of conversion of First Dawood Mutual Fund into an Open end Scheme under a supplemental Trust Deed executed between DCML as Management Company and CDC as Trustee on June 3, 2016. Subsequently, the operations of the Fund has been restored with effect from August 1, 2016.
- Our response to note 1.5 to the financial statements is that the management has conveyed its commitment to SECP to ensure the compliance with all the laws applicable to Company including Companies Ordinance 1984, Listing rules and regulations, Non Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 and Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003.
- Our response to note 2 to the financial statements is that the company filed an appeal in appellate tribunal of SECP against the order of Executive Director SECP dated March 22, 2013 under section 33 of the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan Act, 1997, the appellate tribunal of SECP vide Order dated 22 January 2015 set aside the initial order in its entirety on the grounds stated therein. The appellate tribunal's decision was not appealed in terms of section 34 of the SECP Act and a review application was filed in appellate tribunal against appellate tribunal decision by Executive Director SECP that was rejected by registrar appellant tribunal SECP and has therefore attained finality.
- Our response to note 8 to the financial statements is that management is in the process to ensure compliance of Regulation 37(7)(k) of Non Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008.

Risk Management

Risk taking is an integral part of any business and is rooted in the philosophy of risk versus reward, that is, higher the risk, greater the reward. Our fundamental objective is to maximize certificate holder's value, but this must be carried out in a clearly articulated risk tolerance framework.

DCM and its Funds are exposed to a variety of risks including credit, liquidity, interest rate, market risk and operational risk. Our risk management policies and procedures ensure that risks are effectively identified, evaluated, monitored and managed. Risk management is a dynamic function and management must continuously monitor its internal risk procedures and practices in order to reduce earnings variability.

The Board has formed the following committees to manage the various types of risks the Bank is exposed to:

- Board's Audit Committee
- Investment Committee



Statement of Ethics and Business Practices

The Board of Directors of Company has adopted a statement of ethics and business practices. All employees are informed of this statement and are required to observe these rules of conduct in relation to business and regulations.

Dividend

Based on the above, the Board of Directors of the Company has decided not to distribute any dividend to the shareholders for the year.

Credit Rating

Asset Manager Rating (AMR) of Management Company is 'AM3-' (2012: AM3) before suspension of operations.

Trading in shares of the Company

During the year, no trading in the shares of the Company was carried out by the Directors, CEO, CFO, Company Secretary and their spouses of minor children.

Transaction with Connected Persons/Related Parties

Transactions between the Fund and its connected persons as disclosed in notes to the financial statements are carried out on an arm's length basis.

Pattern of Share Holding as on June 30, 2013

The pattern of shareholding holding as on June 30, 2013 along with disclosure as required under the Code of Corporate Governance is annexed to these financial statements.

Key Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights are summarized and annexed to these financial statements.

Staff Retirement Benefits

DCM operates a provident fund scheme for all permanent employees details are included in these financial statements.

Events after the Balance Sheet Date

Material events that occurred subsequent to the date of the Balance Sheet that require adjustments / disclosure to the enclosed financial statements are disclosed in these financial statements.

Acknowledgement

We express our most sincere gratitude to our shareholders and valued customers for their continued trust and patronage and our valuable DCM team for their hard work and dedication, Regulatory Authorities particularly the Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan, Trustees and our Shariah Advisors for their continued professional guidance and support.

28 Ocotober, 2016 Karachi. For and on behalf of the Board of Directors,

Chairperson





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REVIEW REPORT TO THE MEMBERS ON STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance (the Code) prepared by the Board of Directors of Dawood Capital Management Limited for the year ended June 30, 2013 to comply with the requirements of Listing Regulations of Karachi Stock Exchange (now Pakistan Stock Exchange) where the Company is listed.

The responsibility for compliance with the Code is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified, whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Code and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Code. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Code.

As part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Code requires the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval its related party transactions distinguishing between transactions carried out on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions and transactions which are not executed at arm's length price and recording proper justification for using such alternate pricing mechanism. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee. We have not carried out any procedures to determine whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the best practices contained in the Code as applicable to the Company for the year ended June 30, 2013.

We draw attention to clause 1.1 of the Statement of compliance which states that the operations of the Funds remained suspended for the period from March 22, 2013 for the reasons as explained in the said clause. The Company could not comply with the various requirements of the Code.

BDD Ebrahim & Co. Chartered Accountants BDD Ebrahim & Co., a Pakitai registered partnership firm. Is a number of BDD international Liensed, a UK concerns liented by guarantee, and form part of the international BOD interview of independent member firms.



<u>|BDO</u>

We highlight below instances of non-compliance with the requirements of the Code and where these are stated in the Statement of Compliance:

S.NO	CLAUSE REFERENCE	CLAUSE DESCRIPTION
1	4	The casual vacancies on the Board of Directors were not filled up by the competent authority during the stipulated time.
2	7	All the powers of Board of Directors could not be exercised and decisions on material transaction; including appointment and determination of remuneration and terms and conditions of employment of CEO could not be taken by the board / shareholders after the suspension of the board / shareholders after the suspension of the operation of the Fund.
3	8	Board meetings could not be held for third and fourth quarter of the year.
4	9	The Board of Directors has not arranged any training programs for its directors.
5	14	Subsequent to suspension of operations of the Fund, the Company could not comply with the corporate and financial reporting requirements of the Code.
6	16	During the year, all the members of the Audit Committee resigned from the Board of Directors and therefore, the meetings of the Audit Committee could not be held for the third and fourth quarter.
7	17	Subsequent to suspension of operations of the Fund, HR and Remuneration Committee comprised of two members of whom the chairman of the Committee was independent Director and other member was and executive Director. No meeting of HR and Remuneration Committee was held during the year.
8	18	The internal audit function was outsourced to a professional firm which resigned during the year with effect from April 17, 2013. Subsequently to its resignation, no new appointment of Internal Auditor was made during the year.
9	23	The details of related party transactions could not be placed before the Audit Committee and subsequently to Board of Directors for its review and approval.
10	23	Quarterly unaudited financial statements, secondly quarterly reviewed and annual audited financial statements along with Directors reviews / reports could not be published and circulated within prescribed time frame.

KARACHI DATED: 28 OCT 2016

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Engagement Partner: Zulfikar Ali Causer

BDD Ebrahim & Co. Chartered Accountants BDD Ebrahim & Co., a Painstan registered partnership firm, is a member of BDD International Limited, a UK company limited by guarantee, and forms part of the international BDD network of independent member firms.





STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013.

This Statement is being presented to comply with the Code of Corporate Governance ("CCG") contained in Regulation No. 35 of listing regulation of the stock exchange where the Company is listed for the purpose of establishing at framework of good governance, whereby a listed Company is managed in compliance with the best practices of corporate governance.

The Company has applied the principles contained in the CCG in the following manner:

1. The Company encourages representation of independent non-executive Directors and Directors representing minority interest on its Board of Directors. As at June 30, 2013 the Board includes.

Category	Names	Designation
Independent Directors	Ms. Shafqat Sultana	Chairperson
Executive Director	Ms. Tara Uzra Dawood	Chief Executive Officer
Non-Executive Director	Mr.Syed Shabahat Hussain	Director

1.1 The operations of the Company/Funds were suspended from 22 March 2013 by SECP vide order number SCD-SD (Enf.)/KHI/DCML/2013/61 in pursuance to a show cause notice issued on 8 November 2012 for violation of Regulation 38(a) and Regulation 38(n) of the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulation 2008 (NBFC Regulations). Further Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP), cancelled the license of Management Company to undertake the business of Asset Management Services and Investment Advisory Services and trustees were directed to extinguish / revoke the Funds in the interest of unit / certificate holders. During the year and subsequent to SECP order, certain Directors of the Company resigned from the Board of Directors. Consequently, meetings of Board of Directors could not be held due to lack of quorum of Directors.

Management Company filed an appeal before the appellant bench of the SECP against the above suspension of the Funds and the cancelation of the license to undertake the business of Asset Management Services and Investment Advisory Services on the grounds that the above actions of the SECP were taken without lawful authority and jurisdiction. Subsequently, on 22 January 2015 the appeal was decided in favour of Management Company by the appellant bench.

Based on the above, Management Company is authorized and licensed to undertake Asset Management Services and Investment Advisory Services. Management Company is taking necessary steps to recommence the operations of the Funds.

1.2 SECP accorded its approval for appointment of Directors and Chief Executive Officer on August 31, 2015 and September 22, 2015 respectively and at present the Board includes:

Category	Names	Designation
	Ms. Shafqat Sultana	Chairperson
In daman dant Dinastana	Ms. Charmaine Hidayatullah	Director
Independent Directors	Mr. Muhammad Izqar Khan	Director
	Mr. Ansar Hussain	Director
Executive Director	Ms. Tara Uzra Dawood	Chief Executive Officer
Non-Executive Director	Syed Farhan Abbas	Director
Non-Executive Director	Mr. Tahir Mehmood	Director





The independent Directors meet the criteria of independence under clause i (b) of the CCG.

- 2. The Directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a Director in more than seven listed companies, including Management Company (excluding the listed subsidiaries of listed holding companies where applicable).
- 3. All the resident Directors of the Company are registered as taxpayers and none of them has defaulted in payment of any loan to a banking company, a DFI or an NBFI or, being a member of a stock exchange, has been declared as a defaulter by that stock exchange.
- 4. Casual vacancies occurred on the Board during the period could not be filled due lack of quorum of Board of Directors.
- 5. The Company has prepared a "Code of Conduct" and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the Company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- 6. The Board has developed a vision / mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies for the Company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
- 7. All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on material transactions, including appointment and determination of remuneration and terms and conditions of employment of the CEO have been taken by the Board / shareholders till the suspension of operations of the Funds as disclosed in clause 1.1 of the Statement. Subsequent to suspension of operations of the Funds, the Board could not exercise its powers and decisions due to lack of quorum of Directors.
- 8. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a Director elected by the Board for this purpose. Board meetings could not be held for third and fourth quarter of the year due to lack of quorum of Directors as disclosed in clause 1.1 of the Statement. Written notices of the Board meetings, along with agenda and working papers, were circulated at least seven days before the meetings. The minutes of the meetings were appropriately recorded and circulated.
- 9. The Board has not arranged any training programs for its Directors during the year.
- 10. No new appointment of Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary and Internal Auditor has been made during the year. The terms of remuneration of the Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary and Chief Internal Auditor were approved by the Board.
- 11. The Directors' report for this year has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the Code and fully describes the salient matters required to be disclosed.
- 12. The financial statements of the Company were duly endorsed and signed by the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer before the approval of the Board.
- 13. The Directors, Chief Executive Officer and Executives do not hold any interest in the units other than that disclosed in the pattern of shareholding.
- 14. The Company has complied with all the corporate and financial reporting requirements of the Code till the suspension of operations of the Funds as disclosed in clause 1.1 of the Statement. Subsequent to suspension of operations of the Funds, the Management Company could not comply with the corporate and financial reporting requirements of the Code.
- 15. The Board has formed an Audit Committee. Till the suspension of operations of the Funds as disclosed in clause 1.1 of the Statement, Audit Committee comprised 3 members, of whom all were non-executive Directors and the Chairman of the Committee was an independent Director. Subsequently, all the members





of the Audit Committee resigned from the Board of Directors. At present, Audit Committee comprises three members, of whom the majority are non-executive Directors and the chairman of the Committee is an independent Director.

- 16. The meetings of the Audit Committee could not be held for third and fourth quarter due to lack of quorum of Directors as disclosed in clause 1.1 of the statement. The terms of reference of the Committee have been formed and advised to the Committee for compliance.
- 17. The Board has formed an HR and Remuneration Committee. Till the suspension of operations of the Funds as disclosed in clause 1.1 of the Statement, it comprised three members, of whom the majority were non executive Directors and the chairman of the Committee was an independent Director. Subsequently to suspension of operations of the Funds, HR and Remuneration Committee comprised of two members of whom the chairman of the Committee was an independent Director and other member was an executive Director. No meeting of HR and Remuneration Committee was held during the year. At present, HR and Remuneration Committee comprises four members, of whom the majority are non-executive Directors and the chairman of the Committee is an independent Director.
- 18. The internal audit function was outsourced to a professional firm which resigned during the year. Subsequently to its resignation, no new appointment of Internal Auditor was made during the year.
- 19. The statutory auditors of the Company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP), that they or any of the partners of the Firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of Company and that the Firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by ICAP.
- 20. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the listing regulations and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 21. The 'closed period', prior to the announcement of interim / final results, and business decisions, which may materially affect the market price of Company's securities, was determined and intimated to Directors, employees and stock exchange till the suspension of operations of the Funds as disclosed in clause 1.1 of the Statement.
- 22. Material / price sensitive information has been disseminated among all market participants at once through stock exchange till the suspension of operations of the Funds as disclosed in clause 1.1 of the Statement.
- 23. We confirm that all other material principles contained in the Code have been complied with except for the following which could not be complied due to lack of quorum of Directors subsequent to suspension of the operations of the Funds as disclosed in clause 1.1 of the Statement including the following:
- The details of related party transactions could not be placed before the Audit Committee and subsequently to Board of Directors for its review and approval.
- Quarterly unaudited financial statements, secondly quarterly reviewed and annual audited financial statements along with directors reviews / reports could not be published and circulated within prescribed time frame.

28 Ocotober, 2016 Karachi On Behalf of the Board of Directors Dawood Capital Management Limited Tara Uzra Dawood Chief Executive Officer





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AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS

We have audited the annexed balance sheet of DAWOOD CAPITAL MANAGEMENT LIMITED ("the Company") as at June 30, 2013 and the related profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof, for the year then ended and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

It is the responsibility of the Company's management to establish and maintain a system of internal control, and prepare and present the above said statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards and the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the above said statements are free of any material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the above said statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies and significant estimates made by management, as well as, evaluating the overall presentation of above said statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion and, after due verification, we report that:

- a) in our opinion proper books of accounts have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984;
- b) in our opinion;
 - the balance sheet and profit and loss account together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Ordinance, 1984, and are in agreement with the books of accounts and are further in accordance with accounting policies consistently applied;
 - the expenditure incurred during the year was for the purpose of the Company's business; and
 - the business conducted, investments made and the expenditure incurred during the year were in accordance with the objects of the Company;

BDO Ebrahim & Co. Chartered Accountants

IDD Ebrahim & Co., a Pakistan registered partnership firm, is a member of 0DD international United, a UK company limited by guarantee, and forms part of the international ROO network of independent member firms:





- c) in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the balance sheet, profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof conform with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and, give the information required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984, in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2013 and of the profit, its comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity for the year then ended; and
- d) in our opinion, no Zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980.

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to:

- note 1.2 to the financial statements which provides details regarding application for renewal of license which is in process with the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan.
- note 1.3 to the financial statements which details the deficiency in meeting the minimum capital requirement as prescribed by regulation 4 of part 1 of Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008.
- (iii) note 1.4 to the financial statements which provides details regarding conversion of the closed end fund managed by the Company into open end fund.
- (iv) note 1.5 to the financial statements which provides details regarding non-compliance with requirements of statutory laws and regulations including management's action with respect these matters.
- (v) note 2 to the financial statements which provides details regarding certain subsequent events relating to the suspension of funds under management.
- (vi) note 8 to the financial statements which provided details regarding the equity portfolio maintained by the Company which is in non-compliance of Regulation 37(7)(k) of Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations 2008 according to which an Asset Management Company shall not maintain its own equity portfolio except for investments made by the Asset Management Company into the Collective Investment Schemes or pension funds managed by it or its subsidiary NBFCs as allowed under Rule 7(2) (h).

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KARACHI DATED: 28 OCT 2016

Lido CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS Engagement Partner: Zulfikar Ali Causer

BDO Ebrahim & Co. Chartered Accountants BDO Ebrahim & Co., a Pakistan registered partnership firm, is a member of BDO International Limited, a UK company limited by guarantee, and forms part of the international BDO network of independent member firms.



BALANCE SHEET AS AT JUNE 30, 2013

	Note	June 30, 2013 Rupees	June 30, 2012 Rupees
ASSETS			
NON CURRENT ASSETS			
Property and equipment	7	1,638,421	2,293,652
Long-term investments	8	140,344,666	122,939,282
Long-term receivables from related parties	9	-	1,115,000
Long-term deposits	_	36,300	36,300
		142,019,387	126,384,234
CURRENT ASSETS	-		
Short term investments	10	4,336,407	4,972,535
Loans and advances	11	79,000	222,249
Short term prepayments	12	2,035,304	3,178,210
Other receivables	13	5,973,283	2,534,422
Taxation - net		8,397,709	7,535,579
Cash and bank balances	14	19,288,515	9,472,084
	_	40,110,218	27,915,079
	=	182,129,605	154,299,313
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Authorised capital			
20,000,000 ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- Each	=	200,000,000	200,000,000
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	15	149,737,500	149,737,500
General reserves		33,630,264	33,630,264
Surplus on revaluation of available for sale investments		786,272	596,900
Accumulated losses	_	(6,244,637)	(33,506,600)
		177,909,399	150,458,064
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	16	4,220,206	3,841,249
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	17		
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	_	182,129,605	154,299,313
	_		

The annexed notes from 1 to 32 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For Dawood Capital Management Limited (Management Company)

Chief Executive





PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Note	June 30, 2013 Rupees	June 30, 2012 Rupees
INCOME			
Remuneration from funds under management	18	15,525,814	19,723,039
Investment income	19	88,840	3,189,470
		15,614,654	22,912,509
Impairment against investments	20	(1,378,258)	(3,714,368)
		14,236,396	19,198,141
EXPENSES Administrative and operating expenses Financial charges Workers' Welfare Fund	21	27,840,315 5,689 558,052	23,358,969 2,263 21,534
Operating loss	<u> </u>	28,404,056 (14,167,660)	23,382,766 (4,184,625)
Other operating income	22	900,845	3,898,691
Share of associates' profit	22	40,611,355	1,362,610
Profit before taxation		27,344,540	1,076,676
Taxation - current	24	82,577	268,112
Net profit for the year		27,261,963	808,564
Earnings per share - basic and diluted	24	1.82	0.05
	-		

The annexed notes from 1 to 32 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For Dawood Capital Management Limited (Management Company)

Chief Executive





STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	2013 Rupees	2012 Rupees
Net profit for the year	27,261,963	808,564
Other comprehensive income Items that will be reclassified to profit and loss account subsequently Surplus on revaluation of available for sale investments	189,372	596,900
Total comprehensive income for the year	27,451,335	1,405,464

The annexed notes from 1 to 32 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For Dawood Capital Management Limited (Management Company)

Chief Executive





CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	June 30, 2013 Rupees	June 30, 2012 Rupees
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Profit before taxation	27,344,540	1,076,676
Adjustments for items not involving movement of funds:	27,344,340	1,070,070
Depreciation on property and equipment	1,025,904	1,231,253
Gain on sale of investments	(88,840)	(3,206,186)
Return on term finance	-	16,716
Impairment against investments	1,378,258	3,714,368
Financial charges	5,689	2,263
Provision against doubtful receivable	1,115,000	
Gain on disposal of property and equipment	(130,754)	-
Mark-up earned on saving account	(568,956)	(329,077)
Share of associates' profit	(40,611,355)	(1,362,610)
	(37,875,054)	66,727
Operating cash flows before working capital changes	(10,530,514)	1,143,403
Decrease / (increase) in current assets		
Loans and advances	143,249	572,249
Short term prepayments	1,231,580	(2,524,776)
Other receivables	(3,438,861)	105,656
	(2,064,032)	(1,846,871)
Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities	250.055	(0.5(1.005)
Trade and other payables	378,957	(8,764,897)
	(12,215,589)	(9,468,365)
Income taxes paid - net Financial charges paid	(944,707) (5,689)	(1,733,772) (2,263)
Net cash used in operating activities	(13,165,985)	(11,204,400)
Net cash used in operating activities	(15,105,985)	(11,204,400)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Long-term deposits	-	(2,100)
Long-term investments - net	21.585.373	21,410,914
Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment	140,101	
Proceeds from sale on investment	1,156,680	-
Receipt of mark-up on saving account	480,282	24,071
Purchase of property and equipment	(380,020)	(1,161,757)
Net cash generated from investing activities	22,982,416	20,271,128
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	9,816,431	9,066,728
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	9,472,084	405,356
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	19,288,515	9,472,084

The annexed notes from 1 to 32 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For Dawood Capital Management Limited (Management Company)

Chief Executive





STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	General reserve	Surplus on revaluation of available for sale investments	Accumulated loss	Total
			Rupees		
Balance as at July 1, 2011	149,737,500	33,630,264	-	(34,315,164)	149,052,600
Profit for the year	-	-	-	808,564	808,564
Other comprehensive income	-	-	596,900	-	596,900
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	596,900	808,564	1,405,464
Balance as at June 30, 2012	149,737,500	33,630,264	596,900	(33,506,600)	150,458,064
Profit for the year	-	-	-	27,261,963	27,261,963
Other comprehensive income	-	-	189,372	-	189,372
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	189,372	27,261,963	27,451,335
Balance as at June 30, 2013	149,737,500	33,630,264	786,272	(6,244,637)	177,909,399

The annexed notes from 1 to 32 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For Dawood Capital Management Limited (Management Company)

Chief Executive





NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

1. LEGAL STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

1.1 Dawood Capital Management Limited (DCML) (the Company) was incorporated on September 18, 1990 as a public limited company in Pakistan, with its registered office at 5B Lakson Square Building No.1, Sarwar Shaheed Road, Karachi. The Company is listed on Karachi Stock Exchange (Now Pakistan Stock Exchange).

The Company is registered as a Non Banking Finance Company under the Non Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003 (the NBFC Rules). The Company has obtained the licenses to carry out investment advisory services and asset management services under the NBFC Rules and the Non Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 (the NBFC Regulations).

- **1.2** The Company has floated the following open end funds;
 - Dawood Income Fund
 - Dawood Islamic Fund
 - First Dawood Mutual Fund

According to Non Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations 2008, a Non Banking Finance Company (NBFC) or a Notified Entity (NE) is required to pay to SECP all fees prescribed under Schedule II and the license granted to the NBFC shall be valid for three years from the date of its issuance and shall be renewable upon expiry of the said period by making an application at least one month prior to the expiry. The Management Company with reference to the letter of application dated August 5, 2016, has applied for renewal of license and which is in process with SECP.

- 1.3 In accordance with regulation 4 of part I of Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 an NBFC licensed by the Commission to undertake Asset Management Services and Investment Advisory Services is required to maintain equity amounting to Rs. 230 million by June 30, 2013. As at the year end the Company's equity amounted to Rs. 184.154 million. The Company's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2013 are being prepared on a going concern basis as the management is taking necessary steps to ensure compliance with the aforesaid regulation to comply with the minimum equity shortly. Furthermore, the Company has written to the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) seeking an extension in compliance with the aforementioned regulation. SECP has required further documents against the application of extension in compliance with the minimum equity and the management is in the process of providing further information.
- 1.4 In compliance with the regulation 65 of the Regulations, the Management Company has held a meeting of certificate holders of First Dawood Mutual Fund (FDMF) on February 15, 2013 and in such meeting, both the resolutions have not been passed by the simple majority of total outstanding certificates. 28% of the total outstanding certificate holders voted in favor of conversion to an open end fund whereas 24% favored the revocation of the closed end fund.

The outcome of the meeting has been communicated to the stock exchanges and the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP)

SECP vide its letter No. SCD/AMCW/DCML/151/2015 asked Board to show approved commitment and timeline in respect of conversion of closed end fund into open end fund. Subsequently, Board of Directors in their meeting held on November 13, 2015 has directed the management to implement the advice of SECP. The Company filed an application on December 23, 2015 for seeking SECP's approval for conversion of fund as open end. SECP vide its letter SCD/AMCW/FDMF/337/2016 dated March 10, 2016 approved the conversion of the Close-end fund into an Open-end scheme effective from April 7, 2013 under the regulation 65 of Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) 2008 by virtue of a scheme of conversion of First Dawood Mutual Fund into an Open-end Scheme under a supplemental Trust Deed executed between DCML as Management Company and CDC as Trustee after being approved by the SECP on June 3, 2016 in accordance with the provisions of Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulation, 2008 (NBFC Regulations). The approval of conversion was subject to the following conditions:

- a) The effective date for the conversion of FDMF into open end scheme may be considered as April 7, 2013. However, Dawood Capital Management Limited shall resume dealing in units of fund as open end scheme no later than April 15, 2016 after completing all the requirements (i.e. approval for registration of FDMF as notified entity, approval of supplemental constructive documents, registration of trust deed, verification of NAVs of FDMF from trustee, publication of accounts etc.)
- b) Conversion cost shall be charged to FDMF upon resumption of operations of fund as open end scheme and shall not be amortized.
- c) No back end load shall be charged upon resumption of operations of fund as the fund has already remained suspended for almost three years.
- d) All the deposited property, assets and liabilities along with allied balances of FDMF shall remain intact in the open end structure.

As per above SECP directive dated March 10, 2016, the above said conditions shall be properly disclosed to the certificate holders, trustee, and to the stock exchanges where FDMF is listed immediately upon receipt of this approval letter. As per the scheme of conversion of Close-end Scheme into an Open-end Fund, each Certificate Holder, holding Certificates under the Close-end Scheme as at April 7, 2013 are issued initial units of the Open end Scheme. Initial units are issued in the ratio 1:1, i.e. one Unit for each Certificate held by him as at April 7, 2013.

The management vide its letter dated June 30, 2016 requested SECP for extension in date for resumption of dealing in Units of First Dawood Mutual Fund as an Open-end Scheme.





SECP vide its letter No. SCD/AMCW /FDMF/14/2016 dated July 15, 2016 granted extension in date to resume dealing in units of FDMF as open end scheme from July 01, 2016 till August 01, 2016. All the other conditions imposed vide SECP's letter No. SCD / AMCW / FDMF / 337 / 2016 dated March 10, 2016 and No. SCD / AMCW / FDMF / 436 / 2016 dated April 22, 2016 shall remain the same. Subsequently, the operations of the fund FDMF has been restored with effect from August 1, 2016.

1.5 These financial statements could not be presented to the Board of Directors for their approval by the time frame provided in the applicable laws due to the fact that Board of Directors of the Company lack its quorum and therefore, meeting for the approval of yearly financial statements for 2013 could not be held by due time.

Subsequent to the year end, SECP accorded its approval for appointment of Directors and CEO on August 31, 2015 and September 22, 2015, respectively, enabling the Company to present these financial statements before the Board of Directors for their approval.

Further, the management vide its letter dated November 13, 2015 has conveyed its commitment to SECP to ensure the compliance with all the laws applicable to Company including Companies Ordinance 1984, Listing rules and regulations, Non Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 and Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003.

2 SUSPENSION OF FUNDS UNDER MANAGEMENT

During the year, the operations of the Funds under management were suspended from March 22, 2013 by SECP vide order number SCD-SD (Enf.)/KHI/DCML/2013/61 in pursuance to a show cause notice issued on November 8, 2012 for violation of Regulation 38(a) and Regulation 38(n) of the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulation 2008 (NBFC Regulations). Further SECP, cancelled the license of the Company to undertake the business of Asset Management Services and Investment Advisory Services and trustees were directed to extinguish / revoke the fund in the interest of unit / certificate holders.

The Management Company filed an appeal before the Appellate Bench of the SECP against the above suspension of the Funds and the cancelation of the license to undertake the business of Asset Management Services and Investment Advisory Services on the grounds that the above actions of the SECP were taken without lawful authority and jurisdiction. Subsequently, on January 22, 2015, the appeal was decided in favour of the Management Company by the Appellate Bench.

An application for review / recall of above order of the Appellate Bench No II was filed by the Executive Director (Specialized Company Division) with Appellate Bench, SECP. However, Appellate Bench vide letter dated November 25, 2015 did not accept the application on the grounds that there is no provision in the law which gives the Appellate Bench powers to review its own order and thus the matter has attained finality.

Based on the above Management Company is authorized and licensed to undertake Asset Management Services and Investment Advisory Services. Board of Directors of the Company has approved all the due accounts of Dawood Income Fund (DIF), Dawood Islamic Fund (DIF-S) and First Dawood Mutual Fund on January 29, 2016, March 11, 2016 and July 27, 2016 respectively. The operations of DIF, DIF-S and FDMF has been restored with effect from February 10, 2016, March 20, 2016 and August 1, 2016 respectively.

3 BASIS OF PREPARATION

3.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as are notified under the Companies Ordinance, 1984, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Ordinance, 1984, the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003 (the NBFC Rules), and the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 (the NBFC Regulations). Wherever the requirements of Companies Ordinance, 1984, the NBFC Rules, the NBFC Regulations or directives issued by the SECP differ with the requirements of IFRS, the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984, the NBFC Rules, the NBFC Regulations or the directives issued by the SECP prevail.

3.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for certain investments which are measured at fair value. These financial statements have been prepared following accrual basis of accounting except for cash flow information

3.3 Functional and Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

4 NEW STANDARDS, INTERPRETATIONS AND AMENDMENTS TO PUBLISHED APPROVED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

4.1 Amendments that are effective in current year but not relevant to the Company

The Company has adopted the amendments to the following accounting standards which became effective during the year:





Effective date

(annual periods beginning on or after) IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements - Amendments to revise the way other comprehensive income is presented July 01, 2012 IAS 12 Income Taxes January 01, 2012 4.2 Amendments not yet effective The following amendments and interpretations with respect to the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan would be effective from the dates mentioned below against the respective standard or interpretation: First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting IFRS 1 Standards - Amendments for government loan with a belowmarket rate of interest when transitioning to IFRSs and amendments resulting from Annual Improvements 2009-2011 Cycle (repeat application, borrowing costs) January 01, 2013 IFRS 7 Financial Instruments Disclosures - Amendments related to the offsetting of assets and liabilities January 01, 2013 Financial Instruments Disclosures - Deferral of mandatory IFRS 7 effective date of IFRS 9 and amendments to transition disclosures January 01, 2015 Financial Instruments - Reissue to include requirements for IFRS 9 the classification and measurement of financial liabilities and incorporate existing derecognition requirements January 01, 2013 IFRS 9 Financial Instruments - Deferral of mandatory effective date of IFRS 9 and amendments to transition disclosures January 01, 2015 IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements - Amendments to transitional guidance January 01, 2013 IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements - Amendments for investment entities January 01, 2014 IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements - Amendments to transitional guidance January 01, 2013 IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities - Amendments to January 01, 2013 transitional guidance IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities - Amendments for investment entities January 01, 2014 IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements - Amendments resulting from Annual Improvements 2009-2011 Cycle (comparative January 01, 2013 information) IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment - Amendments resulting from Annual Improvements 2009-2011 Cycle (servicing January 01, 2013 IAS 19 Employee Benefits - Amended standard resulting from the post-employment benefits and termination benefits projects January 01, 2013 IAS 27 Separate Financial Statements - Amendments for investment entities January 01, 2014 IAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation - Amendments relating to January 01, 2014 the offsetting of assets and liabilities

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			Effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)
	IAS 32	Financial Instruments: Presentation - Amendments resulting from Annual Improvements 2009-2011 Cycle (tax effect of equity distributions)	January 01, 2013
	IAS 34	Interim Financial Reporting - Amendments resulting from Annual Improvements 2009-2011 Cycle (interim reporting of segment assets)	January 01, 2013
	IAS 36	Impairment of Assets - Recoverable amount disclosures for non financial assets	January 01, 2014
	IAS 39	Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement - Amendments for novations of derivatives	January 01, 2014
4.3	The follo	Is or interpretations not yet effective wing International Financial Reporting Standards or interpretations issued by IASB would be effective from the dates mentio ctive standard or interpretation:	oned below against
	IFRS 9 IFRS 10 IFRS 11	Financial Instruments Consolidated Financial Statements Joint Arrangements	January 01, 2013 January 01, 2013 January 01, 2013
		-	Effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)
	IFRS 12	Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities	January 01, 2013
	IFRS 13	Fair Value Measurement	January 01, 2013
	IAS 27	Separate Financial Statements	January 01, 2013

The Company expects that the adoption of the above amendments and interpretations of the standards will not have any material impact and, therefore, will not affect the Company's financial statements in the period of initial application.

January 01, 2013

January 01, 2013

January 01, 2014

5 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

IAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures

IFRIC 20 Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine

The principal accounting policies applied in the presentation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

5.1 Property and equipment

IFRIC 21 Levies

5.1.1Owned

These are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any. Such costs include the cost of replacing parts of fixed assets when that cost is incurred. Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to profit and loss account as and when incurred. Depreciation is charged to profit and loss account over the useful life of the asset on a systematic basis applying the straight line method at the rates specified in note 7 to the financial statements.

Depreciation on additions is charged from the month in which the assets are put to use while no depreciation is charged in the month in which the assets are disposed off.

The carrying amounts are reviewed at each balance sheet date to assess whether they are recorded in excess of their recoverable amounts, and where carrying values exceed estimated recoverable amount, assets are written down to their estimated recoverable amount.

An item of fixed asset is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal.





The residual values and useful lives of assets are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted, if appropriate.

Gains and losses on disposals, if any, are included in the profit and loss account.

5.1.2 Lease assets

Asset subject to finance lease is accounted for by recording the asset at the lower of present value of minimum lease payments under the lease agreement and the fair value of asset acquired. The related obligation under the lease is accounted for as a liability. Financial charges are allocated to accounting periods in a manner so as to provide a constant periodic rate of charge on the outstanding liability.

5.2 Impairment

The carrying amounts of the Company's assets, for which policy is given separately, are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indication exists the assets' recoverable amount is estimated. An impairment loss is recognised wherever the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are charged to profit and loss account.

5.3 Investments

All investments are initially measured at fair value plus, in the case of investments not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to acquisition.

The management of the Company determines the appropriate classification of its investments for the purpose of subsequent measurement in accordance with the requirements of International Accounting Standard (IAS) 39, 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement', at the time of purchase.

The Company classifies investments in the following categories:

Investments at fair value through profit or loss

These include held for trading investments and such other investments that, upon initial recognition, are designated under this category. Investments are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling in the near term. All derivatives are classified as held-for-trading. These are initially recorded at cost. Derivatives with positive fair values (unrealised gains) are included in labilities in the statement of assets and labilities. After initial measurement, such investments are carried at fair value and the gains or losses on revaluation are recognised in the profit and loss account in the period in which they arise.

Held to maturity

Investment with fixed maturities and fixed or determinable payments are classified as held to maturity investments when management has both the intent and ability to hold to maturity. After initial measurement, such investments are carried at amortised cost less any provision for impairment. Premiums and discounts on investments are amortised using the effective interest rate method and taken to profit and loss account from investments.

Available for sale

These are non-derivative financial assets that are not classified as (a) loans and receivables (b) held to maturity investments or (c) financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. After initial measurement, such investments are measured at fair value with unrealised gains or losses recognised in the equity through other comprehensive income until the investment is derecognised or determined to be impaired, at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in equity is taken to the income statement. However, unquoted equity investments are carried at the lower of cost or break up value.

Fair values of investments are determined as follows:

Listed shares

These are valued on the basis of closing market prices quoted on the respective stock exchange.

Mutual funds units

These are valued by reference to the net asset values declared by the respective fund.

Debt securities

Fair value of debt securities, other than government securities, are valued on the basis of prices announced by the Mutual Funds Association of Pakistan (MUFAP) in accordance with Regulation 66(b) of the NBFC Regulations.

Government securities

Fair value of Government securities is determined by reference to the quotations obtained from the PKRV rate sheet on the Reuters page.





5.4 Investments in associates - equity method

Entities in which the Company has significant influence but not control and which are neither its subsidiaries nor joint ventures are associates and are accounted for by using the equity method of accounting.

These investments are initially recognized at cost and thereafter, the carrying amount is increased or decreased to recognize the Company's share of profit and loss of associates. Share of post acquisition profit and loss of associates is accounted for in the Company's profit and loss account. Distribution received from investee reduces the carrying amount of investment.

The changes in the associate's equity which have not been recognized in the associates' profit and loss account, are recognised directly in the equity of the Company.

5.5 Trade date accounting

All regular way purchases/sales of investment are recognised on the trade date, i.e. the date the Company commits to purchase/sell the investments. Regular way purchases or sales of investment require delivery of securities within two days after the transaction date as required by stock exchange regulations.

5.6 Securities under repurchase/resale agreements investment in associates

Securities purchased under a corresponding commitment to resell at a specified future date (reverse-repo) are recorded as receivables against carry-over transactions at fair value of the consideration given. Securities sold under a simultaneous commitment to repurchase at a specified future date (repo) are recognised in the balance sheet as investments and the counterpart liability is shown as payable against carry-over transactions. All carry-over transactions are accounted for on settlement date basis.

5.7 Financial instruments

5.7.1 Financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets include investments, deposits, loans, advances, other receivables, receivable from funds and cash and bank balances.

Financial liabilities include accrued expenses and other liabilities and liabilities against assets subject to finance lease. Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual agreement entered into.

At the time of initial recognition, all the financial assets and liabilities are measured at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration given or received for it. Transaction costs are included in the initial measurement of all financial assets and liabilities except for transaction costs that may be incurred on disposal. The particular recognition method adopted for recognition of financial assets and liabilities subsequent to initial recognition is disclosed in the policy statement associated with each item.

5.7.2 Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the Company intends to either settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Corresponding income on the asset and charge on the liability is also off-set.

5.7.3 Related party transactions and transfer pricing

Transactions and contracts with the related parties are based on the policy that all transactions between the Company and related parties are carried out at arm's length prices which are determined in accordance with the methods prescribed in the Companies Ordinance 1984.

5.8 Employee retirement benefits-defined contribution plan

The Company operates recognised provident fund scheme for all its eligible employees. Equal monthly contributions are made, both by the Company and its employees, to the fund at the rate of 10 percent of basic salary.

5.9 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash in hand and balances with banks. For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalent consist of bank balances and running finances under mark-up arrangements.

5.10 Trade debts and other receivables

Trade debts and other receivables are recognized and carried at original invoiced amount. When a trade debt is uncollectible, it is written off and charge to profit and loss account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited to the profit and loss account.





5.11 Borrowing / debt

Borrowings/debt is recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. These are subsequently measured at amortized cost and any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognized in the income statement over the period of borrowings/debt under the effective interest method. Markup/ profit on borrowings/ debt is calculated using the effective interest method and is recognized in the profit and loss account.

5.12 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other amounts payable are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Company.

5.13 Proposed dividend and transfer between reserves

Dividends declared and transfer between reserves, except appropriations which are required by the law, made subsequent to the balance sheet date are considered as non adjusting events and are recognized in the financial statements in the year in which such dividends are declared or transfers between reserves are made.

5.14 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are accounted for in Pakistani Rupee (rupee) at the foreign exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into Rupees at the foreign exchange rates approximating those prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

5.15 Revenue recognition

Remuneration for investment advisory and asset management services are recognised on accrual basis.

Commission income is recognised on accrual basis.

Gains and losses on sale of marketable securities are recognised on the date of sale.

Dividend income is recorded when the right to receive the dividend is established. Return on securities other than shares is recognised on accrual basis.

Return on bank deposits are recognised on accrual basis.

Other income is recognised as and when earned.

5.16 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, if it is probable that outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

5.17 Taxation

Current

The charge for current taxation is based on taxable income at current rates of taxation after taking into consideration available tax credits, rebates and tax losses, if any. However, for income covered under final tax regime, taxation is based on applicable tax rules under such regime. The charge for current tax also includes adjustments where necessary, relating to prior years which arise from assessments framed/finalised during the year.

Deferred

Deferred tax is accounted for using the statement of financial position liability method in respect of all temporary timing differences arising from difference between the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities in the financial statements and corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and tax credits can be utilized.

5.18 Segment reporting

An operating segment is a component of the Company that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Company's other components. The Company has only one reportable segment.





6 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made the following estimates and judgements which are significant to the financial statements:

a) Recognition of taxation and deferred taxation (Note 5.17 and 24);

b)Determining the useful lives of operating fixed assets (Note 5.1 and 7);

c) Classification of investments (Note 5.3, 8 and 10); and

d)Impairment of financial assets (Note 5.2 and 20).

7 PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

7.1 The following is the statement of property and equipment:

Furniture and fixtures	Vehicles	Office equipment	Computers	Total				
	Rupees							
271,196	214,074	539,146	1,269,236	2,293,652				
-	-	33,388	346,632	380,020				
-	(9,347)	-	-	(9,347				
(73,674)	(198,194)	(145,090)	(608,946)	(1,025,904				
197,522	6,533	427,444	1,006,922	1,638,421				
962,472	2,513,950	811,983	3,121,486	7,409,891				
(764,950)	(2,507,417)	(384,539)	(2,114,564)	(5,771,470				
197,522	6,533	427,444	1,006,922	1,638,421				
358,990	839,110	529,813	635,235	2,363,148				
-	-	165,052	996,705	1,161,757				
-	-	-	-	-				
(87,794)	(625,036)	(155,719)	(362,704)	(1,231,253)				
271,196	214,074	539,146	1,269,236	2,293,652				
962.472	3.851.035	778,595	2.774.854	8,366,956				
· · · ·	, ,	· · ·	, ,	(6,073,304				
271,196	214,074	539,146	1,269,236	2,293,652				
20	20	20	33					
	and fixtures 271,196 - (73,674) 197,522 962,472 (764,950) 197,522 358,990 - (87,794) 271,196 962,472 (691,276) 271,196	and fixtures Vehicles 271,196 214,074 - - - (9,347) (73,674) (198,194) 197,522 6,533 962,472 2,513,950 (764,950) (2,507,417) 197,522 6,533 358,990 839,110 - - (87,794) (625,036) 271,196 214,074 962,472 3,851,035 (691,276) (3,636,961) 271,196 214,074	and fixtures Vehicles equipment 271,196 214,074 539,146 - - 33,388 - (9,347) - (73,674) (198,194) (145,090) 197,522 6,533 427,444 962,472 2,513,950 811,983 (764,950) (2,507,417) (384,539) 197,522 6,533 427,444 358,990 839,110 529,813 - - 165,052 - - 165,052 - - 165,052 - - 165,052 - - 165,052 - - - (87,794) (625,036) (155,719) 271,196 214,074 539,146 962,472 3,851,035 778,595 (691,276) (3,636,961) (239,449) 271,196 214,074 539,146	and fixturesVehiclesequipmentComputers271,196214,074539,1461,269,23633,388346,632-(9,347)(198,194)(145,090)(608,946)197,5226,533427,4441,006,922962,4722,513,950811,9833,121,486(764,950)(2,507,417)(384,539)(2,114,564)197,5226,533427,4441,006,922358,990839,110529,813635,235165,052996,705(87,794)(625,036)(155,719)(362,704)271,196214,074539,1461,269,236962,4723,851,035778,5952,774,854(691,276)(3,636,961)(239,449)(1,505,618)271,196214,074539,1461,269,236				

7.2 Disposal of fixed assets

					2013	
Description	Original Cost	Accumulated depreciation Rupe		Sale proceed	Mode of disposal	Particulars of buyer
Yamaha Janoon	58,500	58,499	1	5,850	Company Policy	Salman Yaqoob - exemployee
Suzuki Mehran VX	357,500	357,498	2	35,750	Company Policy	Muhammad Abbas - employee
Honda City	891,585	891,583	2	89,159	Company Policy	Tara Uzra Dawood - employee
Yamaha	29,500	20,158	9,342	9,342	Company Policy	Naveed Ahmed - exemployee
Total - 2013	1,337,085	1,327,738	9,347	140,101	_	
	-	-	-	-	=	

7.2.1 The cost of fully depreciated operating fixed assets amounts to Rs. 3,875,420/- (2012: Rs. 3,522,470/-).





			June 30, June	30,
			2013	2012
		Notes	Rupees Rup	bees
8	LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS			
	Investments in associates - quoted			
	First Dawood Mutual Fund (Open-end- fund) -			
	an associate (using equity method)			
	8,804,471 (June 30, 2012: 10,053,425) Units of			
	Rs. 10/- each			
	representing 34.05% (June 30, 2012: 17.31%)			
	holding	8.1	107,813,185	85,856,250
	Dawood Income Fund (Open-end- fund) - an			
	associate (using equity method) (formerly			
	Dawood Money Market Fund)			
	189,751 (June 30, 2012: 198,561) Units of Rs.			
	100/- each representing 3.65% (June 30, 2012:			
	3.84%) holding	8.2	13,818,904	15,242,197
			121,632,089	101,098,447
	Others - Investments in unlisted companies			
	(Available for sale)			
	Sapphire Power Generation Limited			
	Nil (June 30, 2012: 50,000) fully paid ordinary			
	shares of Rs. 10/- each		-	1,750,000
	Burj Bank Limited			
	5,034 (June 30, 2012: 5,034) fully paid ordinary		39,431	43,463
	shares of Rs. 10/- each			
	Less: Reversal of impairment / (impairment) on			
	available for sale investments		903	(4,032)
			40,334	39,431
	Dawood Family Takaful Limited - A related			
	party			
	2,722,500 (June 30, 2012: 2,722,500) fully paid		20,051,404	23,332,040
	ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each		(1.050.1.(1))	(2.200.62.5)
	Less: Impairment on available for sale investments		(1,379,161)	(3,280,636)
			18,672,243	20,051,404
			140,344,666	122,939,282
8.1	The abridged financial information of First Dawood Mutual Fund (the Fund) based on the audited fina	ancial statement	s as at June 30, 20	13 is as follows:

1 The abridged financial information of First Dawood Mutual Fund (the Fund) based on the audited financial statements as at June 30, 2013 is as follow: June 30, June

	Note	2013 Rupees	2012 Rupees
Associate's Statement of Assets and Liabilities			
Total assets		325,378,187	503,053,841
Total liabilities		8,713,133	7,305,839
Net assets		316,665,054	495,748,002
Share of Company's net assets as at		107,813,185	85,856,250
Associate's Income Statement			
Total Income / (loss)		112,898,496	(19,251,731)
Net Income / (loss)		96,031,742	(34,799,810)

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The market value of investment in the Fund as at June 30, 2013 is Rs. 107,813,185 (2012: Rs. 38,504,618)

8.2 The abridged financial information of the Dawood Income Fund - (the Fund) based on audited financial statements as at June 30, 2013 is as follows:

Associate's Statement of Assets and Liabilities

Total assets	386,067,921	402,224,043
Total liabilities	7,122,576	4,929,692
Net assets	378,945,345	397,294,351
Share of Company's net assets	13,818,904	15,242,197
Associate's Income Statement		
Total income	10,768,913	35,997,733
Net income	3,699,428	28,214,202

The Dawood Income Fund has been classified as an associate inspite of the fact that the Company holds less than twenty percent in the Fund for the reason that the Company is also an investment advisor of the fund by virtue of which it participates in the financial and operating policies of the Fund and hence has significant influence over its investee. The market value of investment in the fund as at June 30, 2013 amounts to Rs. 13,818,904 (2012: Rs. 15,242,197).

	June 30, 2013 Rupees	June 30, 2012 Rupees
LONG TERM RECEIVABLES FROM RELATED PARTIES - UNSECURED		
Dawood Stock Fund Less: Provision against doubtful receivable	1,115,000 (1,115,000)	1,115,000 - 1,115,000

9.1 These represent preliminary expenses and formation costs incurred by the Company in connection with the floatation of open and close end funds which are recoverable in equal installments from the respective funds over a period of five years. Provision against doubtful receivable is recorded as Dawood Stock Fund, a Collective Investment Scheme registered in 2009, has not commenced its business to date and is not considered to be recoverable now.

SHORT TERM INVESTMENTS

		June 3	0, 2013	June 30, 2012	
		Book Value	Fair Value	Book Value	Fair Value
	Note		Rupe	ees	
Listed shares	10.1	3,550,135	4,336,407	4,613,901	4,972,535
Term Finance Certificates - Listed	10.2	-	-	191,436	-
		3,550,135	4,336,407	4,805,337	4,972,535
Surplus on revaluation of investments		786,272	-	596,900	-
Impairment on available for sale investments		-	-	(429,700)	-
		4,336,407	4,336,407	4,972,535	4,972,535

10.1 Listed shares

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All shares represent fully paid ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each, unless otherwise stated.

No. of shares			June 3	0, 2013	June 30, 2012		
June 30.	June 30. June 30.			Book	Fair	Book	Fair
2013 2012 Na		Name of Companies	Value	Value	Value	Value	
2013	2013 2012		Note		Rup	ees	
		Financial services					
2,382,641	2,382,641	First Dawood Investment Bank Limited - related party	9.1.1	3,550,135	4,336,407	3,788,401	3,550,135
-	635,000	Dawood Equities Limited		-	-	825,500	1,422,400
				3,550,135	4,336,407	4,613,901	4,972,535





10.1.1 As per SECP Circular 09 of 2006, 2,382,641 (June 30, 2012: 2,382,641) shares of First Dawood Investment Bank Limited are held in a blocked account with CDC. The Company can only dispose these shares with prior approval from the SECP.

10.2 Term Finance Certificates - Listed

					June 30	, 2013	June 30,	, 2012	
No. of certificates			Period of Terms of	Terms of Defended	Book value	Fair value	Book value	Fair value	
June 30, 2013	June 30, 2012		redemption	redemption	Rate %		Rupees		
57	57	Pace Pakistan Limited (TFC)	2008-2017	Semi Annually	6 months KIBOR + 2.0	191,436	-	191,436	-
	Less: Impairment on available for sale investment			-	(191,436)	-	(191,436)		
						-	-	-	-

10.2.1 Pace Pakistan Limited defaulted on its payment of principal and markup due on August 21, 2011. Consequently, security was classified as non-performing by MUFAP on September 05, 2011 and accrual on the same was suspended.

		Note	June 30, 2013 Rupees	June 30, 2012 Rupees
11	LOANS AND ADVANCES			
	Unsecured - considered good			
	Advance to employees		-	198,249
	Others	_	79,000	24,000
		_	79,000	222,249
12	SHORT TERM PREPAYMENTS			
	Unsecured - considered good			
	Prepayments	12.1	2,035,304	3,178,210
			2,035,304	3,178,210
12.1	This includes Rs. 1,973,000 (June 30, 2012: Rs. 3,059,000) prepaid as advance office rent.	_		
13	OTHER RECEIVABLES			
	Remuneration due from fund under management			
	Dawood Income Fund - an associate		1,456,837	369,972
	Dawood Islamic Fund - an associate		985,654	917,910
	First Dawood Mutual Fund - an associate		2,985,903	933,576
	Accrued mark-up on saving accounts		401,638	312,964
	Others	-	143,251	-
		=	5,973,283	2,534,422
14	CASH AND BANK BALANCES			
	Cash in hand		15,485	-
	Cash at bank			
	Current accounts		101,609	101,609
	Saving accounts	14.1	19,171,421	9,370,475
		=	19,288,515	9,472,084

14.1 The balance in saving accounts carry profit at rates ranging from 5% to 11% per annum (2012: 5% to 11% per annum).

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15	ISSUED, SUB	SCRIBED AN	D PAID UP CAPITAL	June 30, 2013 Rupees	June 30, 2012 Rupees
	2013	2012			
	No. of	Shares			
	10,000,000	10,000,000	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each		
			issued as fully paid in cash	100,000,000	100,000,000
	4,973,750	4,973,750	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each		
			issued as fully paid bonus shares	49,737,500	49,737,500
	14,973,750	14,973,750		149,737,500	149,737,500
		11 171		No. of \$	Shares
15.1	The shares held	i by related pai	ties are as follows:		
	First Dawood	Investment Ba	nk Limited	2,246,070	2,246,070
	The Bank of	Khyber		2,246,055	2,246,055
	BRR Guardia	in Modaraba		1,935,505	1,935,505
				6,427,630	6,427,630
16	TRADE AND	OTHER PAY	ABLES		
	Accrued expe	enses		2,767,853	1,159,269
	Unclaimed di	vidend		998,742	998,742
	Bonus to emp	oloyees		91,000	600,000
	Payable to br	oker		97,733	1,061,704
	Worker Welfa	are Fund payab	e	264,878	21,534
				4,220,206	3,819,715

17 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

17.1 CONTINGENCIES

The Additional Commissioner of Income Tax (ACIT) has amended the assessment order under section 122(5A) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, resulting in an additional tax of Rs. 1.005 million and Rs. 0.820 million for Tax Years 2003 and 2004 respectively. The Company has filed appeals with the Commissioner of Income Tax Appeals-II (CIT-A) which was decided against the Company. Therefore, appeals have been filed before Income Tax Appellate Tribunal (ITAT) for the Tax Year 2003 and 2004 against the order of CIT-A. ITAT has finalized the order for the Tax Year 2004, which partially allowed and partially remanded back the order to the CIT-A for passing an order. The case has been decided in favour of the Company by the Appellate Tribunal in Tax Year 2017.

COMMITMENTS

There was no commitment as at balance sheet date.

There was no commitment as at balance sheet date.	June 30, 2013 Rupees	June 30, 2012 Rupees
18 REMUNERATION FROM FUNDS UNDER MANAGEMENT		
Open-End Funds		
Dawood Income Fund - an associate	3,764,377	4,580,121
Dawood Islamic Fund - an associate	1,927,095	4,795,145
First Dawood Mutual Fund - an associate	9,834,342	10,347,773
	15,525,814	19,723,039



18.1 Under the provisions of the NBFC Rules and Regulations, the management company / investment advisor of the fund is entitled to a remuneration during the first five years of the fund, of an amount not exceeding the three percent of the average annual net assets of the fund and thereafter of an amount equal to two percent of such assets of the fund. The rates charged to each fund during the period ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 are as under:

June 30,	June 30,		
2013	2012		
Remuneration for service rendered as an asset management company			
		Perce	entage
1	1		
1.5	1.5		
2	2		
	2013 Remuneratio rendered manageme Perce 1 1.5		

18.2 SECP has approved the payment of the Management fee to Dawood Capital Management Limited upon resuming of the operations of the Funds vide letters No. SCD / AMCW / DCML / 369/2016 and SCD/AMCW/DCML/25/2016 dated March 25, 2016 and July 25, 2016.

	10.565 / I.H.C.W./ DCHL/ 56/2010 and SCD/I.H.C.W.DCHL/25/2010 and Maton 25, 2010 and May 25, 201	0.	June 30,	June 30,
			2013	2012
19	INVESTMENT INCOME		Rupees	Rupees
	Equity investments			
	Gain on sale of investments		88,840	3,206,186
	Other investments			
	Reversal of income on Term Finance Certificates		-	(16,716)
			88,840	3,189,470
20	IMPAIRMENT AGAINST INVESTMENTS			
	Unquoted shares			
	Burj Bank Limited (formerly Dawood Islamic Bank			
	Limited)		(903)	4,032
	Dawood Family Takaful Limited		1,379,161	3,280,636
	Quoted shares			
	First Dawood Investment Bank Limited		-	238,264
	Term Finance Certificates - listed			
	Pace Pakistan Limited	-	1,378,258	<u>191,436</u> 3,714,368
• •		-	1,378,238	3,/14,308
21	ADMINISTRATIVE AND OPERATING EXPENSES			
	Salaries and allowances	21.2	10,318,007	10,689,676
	Rent, rates and taxes		1,161,000	256,000
	Postage and telephones		340,595	447,747
	Legal and professional charges		7,097,071	2,747,946
	Printing and stationery		244,105	364,706
	Travelling and conveyance		1,187,559	1,567,484
	Vehicles running		1,994,290	1,832,357
	Provision against doubtful receivable		1,115,000	-
	Advertisement		-	40,800
	Electricity Repairs and maintenance		370,440 1,008,797	509,413 1,048,451
	Auditors' remuneration	21.1	518,651	518,651
	Entertainment	21.1	317,934	425,359
	Insurance		347,363	305,380
	Depreciation	7.1	1,025,904	1,231,253
	Subscriptions		597,689	1,087,166
	Newspapers and magazines		4,457	8,862
	Directors' fee		85,000	117,000
	Securities transaction cost		73,565	44,305
	Others		32,888	116,413
		-	27,840,315	23,358,969





			June 30,	June 30,
			2013	2012
		Note	Rupees Rup	ees
21.1	Auditors' remuneration			
	Annual audit		250,000	250,000
	Certification fee		90,000	90,000
	Half yearly review		120,000	120,000
	Out of pocket expenses		58,651	58,651
			518,651	518,651

21.2 This includes an amount of Rs. 0.604 million (2012 Rs. 0.613 million) relating to staff retirement benefits.

Disclosures relating to Provident Fund Size of the fund 66,121,346 63,399,584 62,728,856 37,755,700 Cost of investments made 94.87% 59.55% Percentage of investments made 72,209,728 Fair value of investments 50,443,453 Break-up of investments 39,000,000 Government securities 5,000,000 Term Finance Certificates 1,840,000 12,407,984 14,101,351 Investment in sukuk 9,000,000 Investment in Musharaka - BRR 1,090,196 1,104,450 Un-listed securities Listed securities 1,674,924 1,374,924 Mutual Funds 6,715,752 7,174,975 Break-up of investments % age of size of the fund 62.17% Government securities 13% 2.93% Term Finance Certificates 0% 19.78% 28% Investment in sukuk Investment in Musharaka - BRR 0.00% 24% Un-listed securities 1.74% 3% Listed securities 2.67% 27% Mutual Funds 10.71% 19%

The Provident Fund (the Fund) is maintained for its permanent employees and the employees of its associated companies / undertakings. Accordingly, the information is based upon the latest unaudited financial statements of the Fund as at June 30, 2013 and audited financial statements as at June 30, 2012. Investements out of Provident Fund have been made in accordance with the provisions of section 227 of the Companies Ordinance 1984 and the rules formulated for this purpose.

22 OTHER OPERATI	NG INCOME	Note	June 30, 2013 Rupees	June 30, 2012 Rupees
Gain on disposal of	property, plant and equipment		130,754	-
Mark-up earned on	saving accounts		568,956	329,077
Liabilities no longe	r payable written back		-	2,931,778
Others		22.1	201,135	637,836
		-	900,845	3,898,691

22.1 This amount pertains to surplus earned amounting to Rs. 0.201 million (2012: Rs. 0.637 million) from the Ladies Fund conference conducted during year.

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23 SHARE OF	'ASSOCIATES'	PROFIT
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Dawood Income Fund First Dawood Mutual Fund





24 TAXATION

Numerical reconciliation between the average effective tax rate and the applicable tax rate has not been presented in these financial statements due to available tax losses brought forward from tax years 2008, 2009, 2010 and 2011. The provision for current year income tax has been made under section 113 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

Deferred tax asset amounting to Rs. 11,268,459/- (June 30, 2012: Rs. 6,822,387/-) has not been recognised in these financial statements as the Company is of the view that it is not probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available in the foreseeable future against which deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilised. The accumulated tax losses as at June 30, 2013 amount to Rs. 31,979,897/- (2012: Rs. 18,615,621/).

25 EARNINGS PER SHARE -BASIC AND DILUTED

Net profit for the year	27,261,963	808,564
Weighted average number of ordinary shares	14,973,750	14,973,750
Earnings per share - basic and diluted	1.82	0.05

26 REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

		2013		2012			
	Chief	Directors		Executives	Chief	Directors	Executives
	Executive				Executive		
				Rupee	s		
Managerial remuneration	3,200,000		-	960,000	3,200,000	-	960,000
House rent	1,280,000		-	384,000	1,280,000	-	384,000
Bonus	-		-	-	-	-	-
Medical	39,031		-	24,000	-	-	24,000
Utilities	320,000		-	96,000	320,000	-	96,000
Provident fund	320,004		-	96,000	320,004	-	96,000
E.O.B.I	4,800		-	4,800	1,850	-	4,300
Meeting fee	-	8	5,000	-	-	117,000	-
	5,163,835	8:	5,000	1,564,800	5,121,854	117,000	1,564,300
Number of persons	1		5	1	1	5	1

The Chief Executive and Executives have been provided with company maintained cars.

Executive means an employee other than Director and Chief Executive, whose basic salary exceeds Rs. 500,000 in a financial year.

27 TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The related parties comprise of related group companies, directors and their close family members, senior executives, retirement benefit plans, major shareholders of the Company and funds under management. Transactions with the related parties during the year were as follows:





Relationship with the Company	Nature of Transactions	2013 Rupees	2012 Rupees
Transactions with		•	
Mutual Funds managed by the	Management fee charged	15,525,814	19,723,039
Company	Sales tax on management fee charged	2,484,130	3,155,686
	Management fee received	14,803,003	22,984,381
	Sale of investments	-	23,400,000
	Recovery of formation costs	-	500,000
	Units redeemed:		
	Dawood Income Fund (Units 22,496) 2012 Nil Units	1,600,000	-
	Certificate redeemed:		
	First Dawood Mutual Fund (Certificate: 2,652,084)	25,645,655	-
Provident Fund	Contribution	604,000	613,000
Key Management personnel	Remuneration	6,728,635	6,728,635
Balances as at year end			
Associated companies / other	Investments:		
related parties	Dawood Islamic Fund (Units Nil) 2012: 92,259 Units	-	10,000,000
-	Dawood Income Fund (Bonus Units 13,687) 2012: 78 Units	982,876	6,000
	Units held:		
	Dawood Income Fund 189,751 (June 30, 2012: 198,561)	13,818,904	15,242,197
	First Dawood Mutual Fund 8,804,471 (June 30, 2012: 10,053,425)	107,813,185	85,856,250

The Company has not entered into any transaction with director and senior executives other than those provided under the Company's policies and terms of employment.

28 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES

The Company is exposed to a variety of financial risks: market risk (comprising currency risk, interest rate risk, and other price risk), liquidity risk and credit risk that could result in a reduction in the Company's net assets or a reduction in the profits available for dividends.

The Company's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Company's financial performance.

28.1 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the value of the financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates or the market price of securities due to a change in credit rating of the issuer or the instrument, change in market sentiments, speculative activities, supply and demand of securities and liquidity in the market.

The Company manages market risk by monitoring exposure on marketable securities by following the internal risk management policies and regulations laid down by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan.

Market risk comprises of three types of risks: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

28.1.1Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company, at present is not exposed to currency risk as its operations are geographically restricted to Pakistan and all transactions are carried out in Pak Rupees.

28.1.2Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. As the Company has no significant interest-bearing assets, the Company's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates.

The Company has diversified its investments and has major portion of its investments based on floating interest rate for which the finance function is responsible to manage the risk by measuring the mismatch of interest rate sensitivity gap of financial assets and liabilities.

Interest rate sensitivity position for on balance sheet financial instruments is based on the earlier of the contractual repricing or maturity date.





28.1.3 Price risk

The risk that fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices of securities due to a change in credit rating of the issuer or the instrument, change in market sentiments, speculative activities, supply and demand of securities and liquidity in the market.

As at June 30, 2013, the fair values of marketable securities exposed to price risk are as follows:

	2013 2012 Rupees Rupees	
Exposure classified as 'available for sale'	4,336,407	4,972,535

The Management Company manages the above market risks through diversification of investment portfolio in accordance with the internal risk management policies.

28.2 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss.

The Company attempts to control credit risk by entering into transactions with diverse credit worthy counter parties by monitoring credit exposure.

The maximum exposure to credit risk as at June 30, 2013 is as follows: -

	June 30, 2013		June 30, 2012	
	Statement of	Maximum	Statement of	Maximum
Description	Assets and	Exposure	Assets and	Exposure
	Liabilities	-	Liabilities	-
		Rup	ees	
Long term investments	140,344,666	140,344,666	122,939,282	122,939,282
Long term receivables from related parties	-	-	1,115,000	1,115,000
Long term deposits	36,300	36,300	36,300	36,300
Short term investment	4,336,407	4,336,407	4,972,535	4,972,535
Loans and advances	79,000	79,000	222,249	222,249
Other receivables	5,973,283	5,973,283	5,712,632	2,534,422
Bank balances	19,288,515	19,288,515	9,472,084	9,472,084
Total	170,058,171	170,058,171	144,470,082	141,291,872

The Company kept its funds with banks having strong credit ratings. Currently the funds are kept with banks having rating of A1+ to AA+.

	June 30, 2013 Rupees	June 30, 2012 Rupees
28.3 Financial instruments by category		
Financial assets Loans and receivables at amortised cost		
Long term loans and deposits	36,300	36,300
Long-term receivables from related parties	-	1,115,000
Loans and advances	79,000	222,249
Other receivables	5,973,283	2,534,422
Cash and bank balances	19,288,515	9,472,084
Available-for-sale		
- Listed companies	125,968,496	107,820,982
- Unlisted companies	18,712,577	20,090,835
	170,058,171	141,291,872
Financial liabilities Financial liabilities at amortised cost Trade and other payables	4,220,206	3,841,249

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28.4 Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet its obligations and commitments associated with financial instruments. The Company is not materially exposed to the liquidity risk as all obligations/commitments of the Company are short-term in nature and restricted to the extent of available liquidity and all assets of the Company are readily disposable in the market.

The table below analyses the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date.

	On Demand	Not Later Than One Month	Upto Three Months • Rupees	More Than Three Months and Upto One Year	More Than One Year	Total
As at June 30, 2013						
Trade and other payable	4,220,206	-	-	-	-	4,220,206
	4,220,206	-	-	-	-	4,220,206
As at June 30, 2012						
Trade and other payable	3,841,249	-	-	-	-	3,841,249
	3,841,249	-	-	-	-	3,841,249

28.4 Capital Risk Management

The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maintain healthy capital ratios, strong credit rating and optimal capital structures in order to ensure ample availability of finance for its existing and potential investment projects, to maximize shareholder value and reduce the cost of capital.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustment to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. Currently the Company has an equity of Rs. 184.154 million against the minimum required equity of Rs. 230 million set by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan for the Non Banking Finance Company providing Asset Management Services and Investment Advisory Services for the year ended June 30, 2013. The company is considering alternative to meet the minimum equity requirements.

29 FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction.

Financial assets which are tradable in an open market are revalued at the market prices prevailing on the balance sheet date. The estimated fair value of all other financial assets and liabilities is considered not significantly different from book value.

The following table shows financial instruments recognised at fair value, analysed between those whose fair value is based on:

- Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Those involving inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices); and
- Level 3: Those with inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs)

		June 30, 2013			June 30, 2012		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
		Rupees			Rupees		
Available-for-sale investments	4,336,407	-	-	4,972,535		-	
	4,336,407	-	-	4,972,535	-	-	





30 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorised for issue in Board of Directors of the management company on 28 Ocotober 2016.

31 NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

The number of employees as at year end was 14 (2012: 12) and average number of employees during the year was 10 (2012: 12).

32 GENERAL

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupee.

For Dawood Capital Management Limited (Management Company)

Chief Executive





PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING AS ON JUNE 30, 2013

Number Of	Shareholding		Total Shares		
Shareholders	From		То	Held	
122	1	-	100	3,531	
146	101	-	500	30,520	
164	501	-	1,000	121,203	
104	1,001	-	5,000	255,870	
29	5,001	-	10,000	213,198	
14	10,001	-	15,000	163,679	
5	15,001	-	20,000	89,016	
6	20,001	-	25,000	139,247	
7	25,001	-	30,000	201,855	
1	30,001	-	35,000	32,094	
4	35,001	-	40,000	152,348	
1	45,001	-	50,000	48,502	
2	50,001	-	55,000	104,100	
1	55,001	-	60,000	58,439	
1	60,001	-	65,000	60,690	
1	70,001	-	75,000	72,000	
3	115,001	-	120,000	352,779	
1	125,001	-	130,000	130,000	
1	135,001	-	140,000	138,000	
1	155,001	-	160,000	157,000	
1	230,001	-	235,000	234,500	
1	335,001	-	340,000	338,285	
1	385,001	-	390,000	389,317	
1	390,001	-	395,000	392,452	
1	565,001	-	570,000	567,613	
2	655,001	-	660,000	1,318,845	
1	660,001	-	665,000	663,832	
1	740,001	_	745,000	741,199	
1	1,375,001	-	1,380,000	1,376,006	
1	1,935,001	-	1,940,000	1,935,505	
2	2,245,001	-	2,250,000	4,492,125	
627				14,973,750	

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Categories of Share Holders As on June 30, 2013

Categories Of Shareholders	Number Of Shareholders	Total Shares Held	Percentage %
Individuals	600	6,193,157	41.36
Joint Stock Companies	14	1,273,742	8.51
Financial Institutions 6		4,833,145	32.28
Investment Companies 2		11,049	0.07
Modarabas	1	1,935,505	12.93
Mutual Fund	1	663,832	4.43
Others	3	63,320	0.42
	627	14,973,750	100.00

S. No.	Categories of Share holders	Shares Held	% Age	
1 Associated Companies		6,427,630	42.93	
	B.R.R. Guardian Modaraba	1,935,505		
	First Dawood Investment Bank Limited	2,246,070		
	The Bank of Khyber	2,246,055		
2	NIT & ICP	664,911	4.44	
	National Bank of Pakistan-Trustee Department Ni(U)T Fund	663,832		
	Investment Corporation of Pakistan	500		
	IDBP (ICP UNIT)	579		
3	Directors, CEO their Spouses and Minor Children			
	Miss Tara Uzra Dawood	1,768,458	11.81	
4 Banks, DFIs. NBFIs, Insurance Companies, Takaful, Modarabas and Pension Funds		1,688,052	11.27	
Sharehol	ders holding five percent or more shares in the Company			
Miss Tara	u Uzra Dawood	1,768,458	11.81	
B.R.R. G	uardian Modaraba	1,935,505	12.93	
First Dawood Investment Bank Limited		2,246,070	15.00	
The Bank	of Khyber	2,246,055	15.00	
Ayaz Dav	vood	781,262	5.20	

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FORM OF PROXY 22nd Annual GENERAL MEETING

I/We	of
	(full address)
being a member of Dawood Capital Management Lim	ited Folio # do hereby appoint
Mr./Ms	Folio #
of	(full address) (or failing him)
Mr./Ms	Folio#
of	(full address)
being another member of the Company as my/our j of the Company to be held on November 30, 2016 at 9:00 h	proxy to attend and vote for me/us on my/our behalf, at the Annual General Meeting nours and to every adjournment thereof.
And witness my/our hand/seal thisday	y of2016, signed by the said
	in the presence of
Mr./Ms	
of	(full address)
Signature of Witness	REVENUE STAMP Rs. 5/- Signature(s) and or Seal

Important Notes :

- 1. The share transfer books of the Company will remain closed from November 24, 2016 to November 30, 2016 (both days inclusive).
- 2. A member entitled to attend and vote at the General Meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote instead of him/her.
- 3. An instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other Authority (if any) under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy of the Power or Authority, in order to be valid, must be deposited at the Registered office of the Company, 48 hours before the meeting and must be duly stamped, signed and witnessed.
- 4. If more than one instrument of proxy appointing more than one person is deposited with the Company, all such instruments of proxy shall be rendered invalid.
- 5. This signature on the Instrument of Proxy must conform to the specimen signature recorded with the Company.
- CDC account holders will in addition have to follow the guidelines as laid down in Circular No. 1 dated January 26, 2000 of the Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan for attending the meeting.



